

THE WEATHER

Tonight and Thursday Fair

TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

METAL QUOTATIONS

SILVER	\$1.01 1/2
Copper	38
Lead	\$8.05
Quicksilver	\$128.00

VOL. XVIII No. 85

TONOPAH, NEVADA, WEDNESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 25, 1918

PRICE 10 CENTS

# GOING DOWN HILL, SAYS FOCH

## MASTER MIND DECLARES ALLIES HAVE PASSED THE CREST

### VON HERTLING INSISTS RUSSIA WAS RESPONSIBLE FOR WAR

(By Associated Press)  
AMSTERDAM, Sept. 25.—Chancellor von Hertling, addressing the main committee of the Reichstag, complained of the lack of attention of his acquiescence in points laid down by President Wilson as peace essential had met from Wilson. Von Hertling declared in favor of the formation of a league of nations, promotion of universal disarmament, establishment of obligatory courts for arbitration on the freedom of the seas, and protection for all nations. He said the submarine was slowly, but surely, diminishing the allied tonnage.

Foreign Minister von Hintze, addressing the same committee, declared that Germany maintains a readiness for peace notwithstanding repeated rejections of peace offers from the central powers. Von Hertling said about the submarine: "It is restricting the transportation of reinforcements of men and material from the United States." He said: "We never concealed the fact that all thoughts of conquest were far from our minds. But how do things stand on the opposite side of the enemy, official and unofficial. They only desire to repel Germany, which in criminal arrogance is striving for world dominion, to fight for freedom and justice against German imperialism and Prussian militarism."

"The match was not put to the powder by the Prussian military party, but while the German emperor, up to the last moment was endeavoring to preserve peace, the Russian military party put through mobilization against the will of a weak czar and threats were made that war was unavoidable."

### PRESIDENT OPENS THE LIBERTY LOAN DRIVE

(By Associated Press)  
WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The president will speak in New York Friday at the Metropolitan opera house in behalf of the Liberty loan.

### TWO SWEDISH GUNBOATS SUNK

(By Associated Press)  
COPENHAGEN, Sept. 25.—A correspondent of the Politiken Aftskaw reports that the Swedish gunboat Gelshild was sunk by a German mine in Skagerrak. The chief officer and eighteen men were lost. It is rumored that another Swedish gunboat struck a mine recently and a majority of the crew killed.

## ALLIES TIGHTENING THEIR GRIP ON ST. QUENTIN BY CAPTURING THE MOST IMPORTANT OUTPOST

(By Associated Press)  
LONDON, Sept. 25.—In an interview with a few newspapermen Saturday at headquarters, among them the correspondent of the Telegraph, General Foch, after praising the qualities of the British, American and French armies, said of the general situation: "The enemy is shaken up and shaken down, but still holding out. You must not think we shall get to the Rhine immediately. We have passed the crest and are now going down hill. If we gather impetus as we go, like a rolling ball, so much the better."

The allied armies are making further progress against an increased enemy resistance in the encirclement of St. Quentin and driving the Germans and Bulgarians northward in Macedonia.

A brief official statement reports a further advance of the victorious British troops in Palestine. Heavy fighting is occurring in the region of Gricourt, three miles northwest of St. Quentin, and Selency, two and a half miles northwest. The British are pushing forward in the direction of the northwestern suburbs.

The British operating east of the Jordan apparently are in favorable position to cut off the Turks retreating north along the Hedjaz railway. The British are approaching Amman.

The Bulgarians are resuming allied attempts to advance along the Bulgarian frontier east of Vardar and south of Demirkapu pass. North of this pass the enemy is retreating on Velea and it appears that this column is cut off from its comrades further south, thus splitting the enemy force.

### NO BREAKDOWN OF HUN MORALE CAN BE FOUND

AMERICAN INTELLIGENCE OFFICERS REFUTE A COMMON REPORT

(By Associated Press)  
AMERICAN HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE (Tuesday), Sept. 24.—Concrete information obtained from thousands of prisoners the Americans captured in recent operations doesn't indicate an appreciable breakdown of the German morale, according to the examining officers. It is explained that a man's morale is naturally at the lowest ebb at the moment of capture and that at such times men are inclined to say things which they would retract after rest and nourishment. Great value is not placed on such utterances by prisoners. Many thousands of prisoners are in the hands of Americans and the number is being increased by incessant raids. From information from prisoners and observations from other sources, the military authorities say they find the enemy well fed and clothed.

### RUMANIAN CROWN PRINCE PUNISHED

(By Associated Press)  
AMSTERDAM (Tuesday), Sept. 24.—Crown Prince Charles of Rumania was punished by his father with close confinement for seventy-five days for "transgression of military regulations," according to an official telegram from Jassy via Berlin.

(By Associated Press)  
LONDON, Sept. 25.—It is believed here that the Rumanian crown prince is being disciplined for a reported visit to Odessa September 15th when he married Miss Zyzik Lombroso, a Rumanian, who has no claim to royal blood, without sanction of the king.

### TONOPAH COUPLE MARRIED IN RENO

Private wires received here announce the marriage of Miss Frances Gower to Homer Williams at Reno last Sunday. The couple left the same evening for the coast where they will spend the next two weeks on their honeymoon.

The bride is a popular music teacher and instructor on the violin who came to Tonopah two years ago from Kansas and remained with the high school for two terms. The first year Miss Gower taught music and last year she enlarged her work by also assuming one of the grades. When the list of appointees for this year was prepared it was suggested that the return of Miss Gower would be to the accompaniment of wedding bells.

Homer Williams is one of the best known young mining engineers having served with the Tonopah Extension and more recently has been in charge of the West Tonopah mine.

### MUST SACRIFICE ALL TO WIN WAR

(By Associated Press)  
SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 25.—George Weeks, district campaign manager of the twelfth federal reserve district, announced today the following creed for bond buyers: "Allow yourself money to purchase the bare necessities of life and to conduct business essential to war, devoting the balance of your earning power to your country in order to subscribe to Liberty loans."

### TWELVE PER CENT TAX ON INCOME

(By Associated Press)  
WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The senate finance committee today approved without change a normal tax of 12 per cent on the net income of individuals, together with a proviso that the rate shall be 6 per cent upon the first four thousand dollars as written in the house eight billion dollar revenue bill. Chairman Simmons said this disposed of one major feature of the individual income tax questions.

### A HANDSOME GIFT FOR THE SECRETARY

The smoker given last evening by the Elks was a well attended event, the patriotic motive of the affair appealing to every loyal citizen able to respond to the summons. Judge Mark R. Averill spoke on the Big Brother movement and the salutary influence exerted in guiding the destinies of the growing generation. At the conclusion of his remarks the judge presented Lowell Daniels with a beautiful gold fountain pen and the recipient replied with his usual modesty in disclaiming special credit for his services as secretary and generally in looking after the interests of the order. Harry Atkinson spoke feeling on the loyalty of the members whose names are represented by service stars and whose numbers would be more than doubled before the war's demands ceased to draw upon their man power. Leo Harrington delivered the 11 o'clock toast.

The lodge proceedings were devoted to the induction of George T. McIntire, Leo C. Murphy and Joseph P. Farrell.

A smoker followed by a Hooverized luncheon brought the proceedings to a close.

### ELECTION LINE UP IN THE BAY STATE

(By Associated Press)  
BOSTON, Sept. 25.—Democrats nominated Richard Long, a Framingham manufacturer for governor yesterday. Lieutenant Governor Calvin Coolidge was nominated for governor by the Republicans, unopposed. John Fitzgerald, former mayor of Boston, defeated Peter Teague, a Democrat, who sought renomination for congress.

### GERMANY'S PEACE TERMS ADOPTED

(By Associated Press)  
LONDON, Sept. 25.—There is reason to believe that the program adopted at the Monday meeting of the Social Democratic faction of the Reichstag actually embodies Germany's peace terms, according to Rotterdam advices.

This action endorsed the Reichstag peace resolution of July, 1917, and declared in favor of Germany joining a league of nations. The program included non-committal declarations on restoring Belgium and the understanding regarding indemnities and the restoration of Serbia and Montenegro and declared peace treaties of Brest-Litovsk and Bucharest must not hinder a conclusion of peace. It also urged the establishment of democratic parliaments for civil administration in occupied territories on the conclusion of peace and provided autonomy for Alsace and Lorraine.

### NEVADA IS BACKING SALVATION ARMY

The Salvation Army drive is going ahead with every appearance of closing up by the end of this week with a substantial sum over the quota of both Nevada and Nye county to the credit of the cause which is doing so much for the boys in the front lines of battle. Last evening A. H. Keenan, Nye county chief for front lines of battle. Last evening, the drive, deposited with the First National bank of Tonopah, had \$778.15 to the credit of the fund for Nye county, or 10 per cent over the requirements. At the same time other banks throughout the state report \$5840 on deposit and more coming in constantly. This removes all doubt about the B. P. O. E., which is directing the drive, accomplishing far more than what is expected.

### AS MAINE GOES SO GOES NATION IN NOV. ELECTION

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 25.—Maine is this year more than ever the political barometer of the nation. Local issues were largely eliminated in the election and the national issues were paramount. Therefore, the result in Maine may be accepted as a definite forecast of the national political feeling.

And the result in Maine on September 9th was a clean sweep of all tickets by the Republicans.

The complete (but unofficial) returns show that the Republican candidate for United States senator, Bert M. Fernald, was re-elected by a majority of 13,674, out of a total vote of 120,253. This is a net increase in plurality of 556 over the 1916 returns, despite the fact that the total 1916 vote was 149,520, or 29,270 more than the total vote of 1918.

The Republicans elected all four of their candidates for congress by handsome majorities, thus giving Maine a solid Republican delegation in congress.

The most notable victory of the election was that of Wallace H. White, Jr., Republican candidate for congress in the second district. His opponent was Daniel J. McGillicuddy, Democrat. This district was Democratic in 1912 and 1914, and two years ago, with the same two candidates, Mr. White was elected, with a plurality of only 547. This year he increased his plurality over McGillicuddy to the very substantial figure of 2854.

On the state ticket the results were no less a victory for the Republicans. They re-elected a Republican governor, Carl E. Milliken, and they increased the Republican majority in the state senate by four and the Republican majority in the lower house of the state legislature by fourteen. The vote of the legislature, as a result of this election, now stands:

Senate, Republicans, 30; Democrats, 1.  
House, Republicans, 112; Democrats, 39.

Three facts stand out in this result:

First: The decisive defeat of a popular Democrat in a district normally Democratic and one in which there was a large number of government employed labor votes.

Second: The re-election of a governor for the first time in many terms, it having been twelve years since Maine permitted any governor, Republican or Democratic, to succeed himself.

Third: The decisive refutation by the voters of the Democratic cry that a Republican victory would please Berlin.

Labor Vote Was Republican  
At Kittery and other ports up-ward of 5000 laborers, recently imported from other states, were employed in the shipbuilding plants. Here, as in the newly imported labor

vote in the second district, the Maine laws regarding registration particularly favored the Democrats, it being possible there to register at any time up to within a week of election, and the only residence required in the state of Maine being ninety days. This would seem to be a law ideally framed for the Democrats there in the September election. However, Congressman Goodall, the Republican, was returned by a plurality of 2241.

Judging by these results in Maine the nation at large is justified in concluding that the laborers employed in government work are more eager to have their interests represented in congress by Republicans than they are to have them represented by Democrats. This is an outstanding fact of the Maine election.

The big fact revealed there is that the Democratic campaign slogan, "Elect Democrats to support the president" properly does not appeal to intelligent men.

As only national questions were at issue in Maine, one may regard the register of the Maine opinion on the contrasting merits of Republican and Democratic congressmen as fairly indicative of the general opinion of the whole nation.

Elsewhere, as in Maine, the same issues have to be met and fought out. Maine was asked as to which was more competent to inaugurate policies and to pass legislation that would win the war quickly—Republicans or Democrats. Maine was asked as to which could be more safely trusted with the new problems of reconstruction that are to face the country after the war—Republicans or Democrats. Maine was asked as to which party, judged solely on its record in the immediate past, was more to be trusted in labor, in farm, in financial and in other legislation—Republican or Democratic.

Maine has given her answer. It will doubtless be multiplied by 48 in November.

### CITIZENS URGED TO SAVE ON GASOLINE

E. H. Walker, federal fuel administrator for Nevada, advises all consumers of gasoline that investigations now in progress may result in putting into effect the gasolineless Sunday west of the Mississippi river and it is suggested that the strictest economy be exercised. The practice of permitting motors to run while standing at the curb should be discontinued and repair shops are urged not to use gasoline for cleaning purposes. Observation of these rules may make unnecessary a request that no automobiles be used for pleasure riding Sunday.

### USE LOADED SHELL TO STOP STEAMER

(By Associated Press)  
NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—A six pound shell fired from Fort Totten across the bow of a steamer struck a residence on City Island and demolished part of the foundation. Three hundred inhabitants were panic stricken. None was injured. The fort had imperative orders to stop the steamer to identify the vessel. The name was not disclosed.

### GERMAN AIRMEN ARE DRIVEN BACK

(By Associated Press)  
WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN LORRAINE, Sept. 25.—Airmen of both armies are active. Increased artillery work is noted along the lines of the old St. Mihiel sector where the skies have cleared after recent rains. German fliers extended their operations, in some cases, behind the lines, but sharp countering by the Americans gave them little opportunity for close operation or photographic work. Infantry is active between the lines.

### NORWAY PROTECTS ALLIED CONSULS

(By Associated Press)  
LONDON, Sept. 25.—A Copenhagen dispatch says French and British officers have taken refuge in the American consulate at Moscow which is under the protection of Norway. The Bolshevik government has placed guards over the building and demanded the surrender of the officers and consulate officials.

### ITALIAN ARMY OPERATING ON MACEDONIA LINE

(By Associated Press)  
ROME, Sept. 25.—Italian troops in western Macedonia are pressing northward vigorously. They have occupied the heights north of Topolchani, midway between Monastir and Prilep.

### CASUALTY LIST

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 25.—The following casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American expeditionary forces:

Morning report—Killed in action, 8; missing in action, 78; wounded severely, 92; died from wounds, 5; died of disease, 4. Total, 187.

Afternoon report—Killed in action, 7; missing in action, 83; wounded severely, 92; died of wounds, 2; died from accident and other causes, 2; died of disease, 1; wounded (degree undetermined), 1. Total, 188.

### TODAY AND A YEAR AGO

Official readings of the thermometer by the United States observer at Tonopah:

	1918	1917
5 a. m.	50	46
10 a. m.	59	48
12 noon	65	47
Maximum, Sept. 24	64	59
Minimum, Sept. 24	44	39
Relative humidity at noon today	25 per cent	

### BRITISH CAPTIVES NUMBER 40,000 OFFICIALLY CLAIMED

(By Associated Press)  
LONDON, Sept. 25.—The British captured more than 40,000 prisoners and 265 guns in their successful Palestine offensive, it is officially announced.

### QUOTAS FOR THE FOURTH LOAN ARE GIVEN OUT

(By Associated Press)  
SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 25.—The California loan quota is \$257,556,400; Nevada, \$5,033,350.

### STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE EFFECTS ORGANIZATION TODAY

CARSON CITY, Sept. 25.—The Republican state candidates met here today with Tasker L. Oddie in the chair and elected Harry G. Humphrey chairman of the Republican state central committee. The Democrats met with Lem Allen in the chair, who was elected over Boyle. The principal contest was between the wets and dries for control.